

1 Cairo Governorate

St. Joseph's School

Answer the following questio	ns:		
. [A] Put (\checkmark) or (x) and cor	rect the wrong:	•	
1. Red, green and yellov		rs.	(
2. Bilharzia is example o			(
3. Like magnetic poles re			(
4. By increase temperat	ure solubility time de	crease.	. (
5. Yellow banana absorbs	s the all spectrum cold	ors and reflects greer	colour. (
6. There is dark shadow	for clear water.		(
[B] What is the function of	· ?		
1. Compass.			
2. Computage for free			
2. Camouflage for frog.			······································
3. Stirring.			
			••••••
2. [A] Write the scientific ter	m :		
1. The magnetic pole tha		e of another magnet.	(
2. A set used to change			
3. The food relationship	·		
decomposing the dea			· , (
4. It is the balance amou			(
Materials allow some			(
A darkened area form	ned when light falls or	n an opaque object.	(
[B] What happens when	. ?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1. Blue light strikes red	-		
2. Mixed a little amount	of oil in water.		
3. Sunlight falls on a pla			1
o. Caringiti railo on a pro			
3. [A] Complete the followin	a sentences :		endorare de la Artica de
1 process is us		from saltv water whi	le
is used to separate in	on from mixture of ire	on and sand.	
2. Dieonea and			ed elements
for making ·····			95



3. Mushroom is example of relationship and the salad is an example of relationship and example of relationship and sample of relationship and the sample o	nong living organisms. le of mixture wheture. magnets is when passes the from water to air.	nile soda water is an ileis temporary hrough prism, but it
3. Pure substance. [A] Complete the table :		
Name	The relation	The name of organism
1. Wolf and rabbit	····· (a) ·····	The prey is (are)
Nodular bacteria and bean plant	······ (b) ·····	The benefit organism (or organisms)
3. Mosquito and man	······ (c) ······	The parasite is (are)
[B] Give reasons for: 1. Magnet attracts iron paper. 2. Sugar dissolves in 300 m. 3. White light is mixture cold.	l of water faster than in	tract copper wire. 150 ml of water.
2 Cairo Governorate	El-Amal La	anguage Schools

Answer the following questions :

1. [A] Complete the following sentences :

1. The food relationship in which both organisms get benefit from each other is known as

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	·	• X
	2. In salty solution, salt is the	, while water is the
	3. Sunlight is separated into	colours by passing it through a
		powerful at the of the magnet.
Г	B] What happens when ?	
1.	Light falls on a shiny surface	
	Bacteria completely disappe	
	2. A strang magnet is put along	to a piece of wood
	3. A strong magnet is put close	to a piece of wood.
7	[A] Correct the underlined word	s:
	Disc drive and electric mixer	
	2. The object seems black as it	
	3. The solubility speed decrea	
	the temperature.	(
	4. Two different kinds of living	organisms, where one of them benefits from
		narmed and infects with diseases
	is saprophytism .	
	[B] Study the following figures, t	hen:
		Wrought iron nail
	V3.101/	Battery — Coil
		Iron filings
	Figure (A)	Figure (B)
-	The figure represents the	- The figure represents the
-	· Function ·····	- Function ·····
	[C] Give reasons for :	
	1. We must wear white clothes	in summer season.



[A] Write the scientific	term:		
		sms that benefit from each other.	(
2. A substance that	consists of mor	re than one type of particles.	` (
The change in the two different trans	e direction of th	e light when it passes through	` (
B] What is the colour	of the body in	each case ?	
Red			
1		2	
1	between :	2	
1 C] Mention the relation 1. Lion and deer.	n between :	2	
1. Lion and deer.		2	
		2g organisms.	
Lion and deer. Sponge and the time	າy aquatic livinເ		
Lion and deer. Sponge and the time	າy aquatic livinເ	g organisms. suitable it from column (B) :	
Lion and deer. Sponge and the time. A] Choose from column	າy aquatic livinເ	suitable it from column (B) :	
1. Lion and deer. 2. Sponge and the time. A] Choose from column (A) 1. Salt solution 2. Carton	ny aquatic living	suitable it from column (B) :	
1. Lion and deer. 2. Sponge and the time. A] Choose from column (A) 1. Salt solution	ny aquatic living	suitable it from column (B) : (B) a. opaque material.	
1. Lion and deer. 2. Sponge and the time. A] Choose from column (A) 1. Salt solution 2. Carton	ny aquatic living	suitable it from column (B) : (B) a. opaque material. b. travels in straight line.	
1. Lion and deer. 2. Sponge and the time A] Choose from colum (A) 1. Salt solution 2. Carton 3. Mushroom fungus	ny aquatic living	suitable it from column (B) : (B) a. opaque material. b. travels in straight line. c. reflects light.	
1. Lion and deer. 2. Sponge and the time A] Choose from colum (A) 1. Salt solution 2. Carton 3. Mushroom fungus	ny aquatic living	suitable it from column (B) : (B) a. opaque material. b. travels in straight line. c. reflects light. d. from saprophytes.	



[C] Compare between :

Points of comparison	Primary coloured lights	Secondary coloured lights
Definition :	1	······································
Examples :	3	

			H							
3 (G.	0	J	J_{i}	re	\prod	O	C	U	3

Nozha Language Schools

Answer	the	following	questions	:
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nswer the following question.		
[A] Choose the correct answ	ver:	. 19.
1. Mixing all the primary c	oloured lights gives	
a. black light.	b. white light.	c. red light.
2. The speed of the solubi	ility process by increa	asing the temperature.
a. increases	b. decreases	c. doesn't change
3. The magnet has	··· poles.	
a. 4	b. 3	c. 2
4. Bilharziasis disease is o	caused by	
a. bilharzia worm.	b. filaria worm.	c. mosquito.
5. The nearer objects to the	ne light source has the	··· shadow.
a. smaller	b. bigger	c. fainted
6. ····is the food rela	ationship that occurs between	predator and prey.
a. Symbiosis	b. Saprophytism	c. Predation
7. The white light splits in	tocolours.	
a. 3	b. 6	c. 7
[B] Mention the name only of	of the following tool or proc	ess:
1. It is used to separate s	and from water : ·····	
2. It is used to determine	the four main direction : ·······	
3. It is used to separate the	oil from water solution :	
[C] What happens it ?		
1. The electric current flow	ws through a coil twisted arou	nd an iron nail.



	2. You put a part of the pencil in a cup of water.	
2 . [[A] Write the scientific term :	
	1. The light energy that can be seen.	(
	2. A natural area including living organisms and non living things.	(
	3. The substance that is made of only one type of identical particles.	(
	 A phenomenon in which harmless living organism imitate other poisonous living organisms to frighten their enemies and escap 	
		(
rı	B] Correct the underlined words :	
Ľ	Rainbow is the darkened area that formed as a result of	
		(
	2. The dynamo changes the electric energy into magnetic energy.	(
	3. Wolf and ascaris hide from enemies by changing its colour	
	to simulate the surrounding environment.	(
	4. The Prism is used in electric bells and to lift tons of steel or iron.	(
	5. Bouncing of light when it falls on a surface is called light refract	
		(
3.	Complete the following sentences :	
	1. The clear water is a material while wood is mater	ial.
	2. In salty solution, salt is the while water is the	
;	3 and are from the shapes of the artificial magnets	.
	4. The relationship between nodular bacteria and bean plant is called	
;	5. The secondary coloured lights are, and and	
(6. The factors that affect the speed of solubility are temperature,	and
4. ₁	[A] Put (√) or (≭) :	
	The unlike poles of the magnets repel each others.	
	2. Water is the most common solute.	ì
	3. Nickel and iron are attracted to the magnet.	· (
	4. Light travels in curved line.	ì
	5. Predation is more common in plant world than that in animal wo	orld. (
	6. The wire of the dynamo is made up of copper.	(



[B] Choose from column (A) what is suitable it from column (B) :

(A)	(B)
 Mosquito Commensalism Drosera Producers 	 a. make their food during photosynthesis process b. is considered from the insectivorous. c. is a food relationship between two living organisms where one of them get benefits from the other while the other neither gets benefit nor harmed. d. is considered as an external parasitism.

[C]	Give	reasons	for:	
	Give	i casulis	101 .	

١		Milk	is	а	mixture.
•	•				

2.	We	must wear	white	clothes	in	summer.
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Cairo Governorate

Basateen and Dar El-Salem Educational Administration

Answer the following questions:

1. [A]

a. thermal

Choose the corre	ect answer :	Ÿ	
1. A sheet of alum	inium foil is an exam	ple for materia	l.
a. transparent		b. opaque	
c. translucent		d. all the previous	
2. Light travels in	straight lines. This p	rinciple is the idea of ma	aking
a. electric iron.	b. radio.	c. electric heater.	d. camera.
3. If you put an ob	ject at a distance of	20 cm in front of a mirro	or, the distance
	age and the object e		
a. 10 cm.	b. 20 cm.	c. 30 cm.	d. 40 cm.
4. The speed of lig	ght in air is ······	that in water.	*
a. faster than		b. slower than	<i>N</i> .
c. equal to		b. half	
5. Which of the fo	llowing is magnetic r	material?	
a. Chalk.	b. Nail.	c. Paper.	d. Glass.

6. The dynamo generates energy from mechanical energy.

b. electrical

c. light

d. magnetic



a. natural magnet. b8. The process of photos	. electromagr ynthesis is do	net. c. magnetic.	d. b and c
1. Paper clips and flour :			
 A tool used to identify t The materials that don' The natural area that in An apparatus used to s What happens when ? 	he four geogr t attract to ma ncluding living separate imm	agnet. and non living things. scible liquid mixtures.	
2. Mixing green and blue	lights.		
 When the white light str The image formed by u The north pole of a mag Blue, green and red light light the type of the footof these choices: (Predat Bilharizia worm and ma Lion and deer. 	rikes a red rossing narrow had not attracts to the prints are the prints are the prints are areasited.	se, it reflects the white oles is maximized and he north of the other nary coloured lights. ong the following organism – Mutualism – Sa	d inverted. () nagnet. () ()
	a. natural magnet. b 8. The process of photos a consumer b How can the following n 1. Paper clips and flour: 2. Mud in water: Write the scientific term 1. A tool used to identify t 2. The materials that don' 3. The natural area that in 4. An apparatus used to s What happens when? 1. You suspend a bar mag 2. Mixing green and blue s Put () or () in front of 1. When the white light str 2. The image formed by u 3. The north pole of a mag 4. Blue, green and red light str 5. The image formed by u 6. Blue, green and red light str 7. Blue, green and red light str 8. Blue, green and red light str 9. Blue, green and red light str 1. Bilharizia worm and ma 2. Lion and deer. 3. Nodular bacteria and ro	a. natural magnet. b. electromagner. 8. The process of photosynthesis is do a consumer b. producer. How can the following mixtures can 1. Paper clips and flour: Mud in water: Mrite the scientific term: 1. A tool used to identify the four geogner. The materials that don't attract to may an apparatus used to separate imming. An apparatus used to separate imming. What happens when? 1. You suspend a bar magnet to move an apparatus used to separate imming. What happens when? 2. Mixing green and blue lights. Put (✓) or (✗) in front of the following and the white light strikes a red rose. The image formed by using narrow here are the principle of a magnet attracts the principle of the food relation among these choices: (Predation – Parasital Bilharizia worm and man. 2. Lion and deer. 3. Nodular bacteria and roots of leguming.	How can the following mixtures can be separated: 1. Paper clips and flour: 2. Mud in water: 1. A tool used to identify the four geographical direction. 2. The materials that don't attract to magnet. 3. The natural area that including living and non living things. 4. An apparatus used to separate immiscible liquid mixtures. What happens when? 1. You suspend a bar magnet to move freely. 2. Mixing green and blue lights. Put (✓) or (x) in front of the following statements: 1. When the white light strikes a red rose, it reflects the white 2. The image formed by using narrow holes is maximized and 3. The north pole of a magnet attracts the north of the other magnetic following or and the following or and the following or and the following or and the following or and following the following or and following the following or and following or and the

4. [A] Choose the correct answer for the following diagrams, then complete the following sentences:

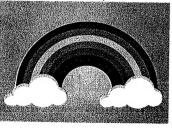
(Light reflection – Rainbow – Light refraction – U shape magnet – Shadow)



a. b. ...



b.



c.



d.

Final Examinations

	 The is the re The nearer object to t Rainbow is formed du 	the light source ha	asshadow.	
ומז	Give reasons for :			
[D]	1. You can see your image	age on a plane mi	rror	
	1. Tou can see your inte			
	2. The formation of shad	dow.		
5	Cairo Governor	ate No	sr Official language	School
	er the following question			
[A]] Choose the correct an			·oont
	1. All the following mate			d. nickel.
	a. plastic.	b. paper.	c. glass.	u. Mickel.
	2. All the following are		c. liver worm.	d. lamprey.
	a. lice.3. The dynamo general	b. ticks.		
		b electric	c. light	d. kinetic
	a. heat4. When light passes fr		7	G. M. O. O.
			c. refracted.	b. collected.
	5. The solvent in a mixt	•		
	a. milk.	b. chocolate.	· ·	d. oil.
	6. All the following cause			palance
	a. cutting down trees	5.	b. natural changes.	
	c. disappearance of		d. saprophytes.	
ſΒ] Give reasons for :			
L-	1. Plants are called aut	totrophic organism	is.	
	2. A banana fruit seem	s yellow when sur	nlight falls on it.	
	3. Air is considered as	a mixture.	· ·	





2	[A] Complete the following sentences :	
	1 and are from the ways of self-defence against predation in living organisms.	
	2. The object's image formed through narrow holes is and and	
	3. Predators help preys in getting rid of or members.	
	4. The like poles each other, whereas the unlike poles each other	r.
	[B] What is the importance ?	
	1. Electromagnet :	
	2. Glass prism :	
2		: _
J.	[A] Write the scientific term :	
	1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (
	2. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. ()
	3. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. ()
	4. The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. (
	5. The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it.	' ì
	6. A set is used to separate water – oil mixture.	,
	[B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following :	,
	Nodular bacteria and bean plant :	
	2. Fungi and dead organisms :	
	[C] What will happen when ?	
	1. A magnet is hanged to move freely.	
	Thagher is hanged to move freely.	
	2. Mixing red colour with green colour.	
Æ		-
1.	[A] Put (\checkmark) or (x) in front of the following statements :	
	1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own	
	colour only.	ŀ
	2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. ()	ı
	3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (
	4. Red is the first colour in the spectrum colours, but violet is the last colour. ()	



 Internal parasites feed by s Magnetism decreases as w middle. 		nagnet towards its
	allowing mixtures 2	•
[B] How can you separate the formal and flour:	ollowing mixtures :	
1. Paper clips and flour :		
2. Salt and water (salt solution	n):	
[C] Compare between :		
Opaque materials	Transp	parent materials
fi Cairo Governorate	Managet El-Emag	Language School
6 Cairo Governorate	Market Li Like	, Language Conco.
nswer the following questions :		
Choose the correct answer:	of mixtures except	
1. All the following are examples	. 21	c sugar
a. concrete.		c. sugar.
2. Dinosaurs are extinct animals		
a. pollution.	b. over hunting.	
c. change in natural condition.		
3. The primary colours are red, b		- vellevi
a. magenta.	b. green.	c. yellow.
4. The food relation between cat		
a. parasitism.	b. predation.	•
5. The mixture of iron filings and		
 a. magnetic attraction. 	b. evaporation.	c. filtration.
6. A black opaque object	all the light colours.	
a. absorbs	b. reflects	c. refracts
7. The natural magnet is one of t	heores.	
a. copper	b. aluminium	c. iron



	made up of ·····	
a. plastic.	b. carbon.	c. copper.
9. Mixing red and blue gives		
a. cyan.	b. magenta.	c. yellow.
10. Bilharzia worm is an	····· parasite.	
a. external	b. internal	c. both
I1. A water pond is a ·····	ecosystem.	
a. small	b.,large	c. very large
12. Solution is a ·····		
a. mixture.	b. solid.	c. pure substance.
rain fall. 3. Some types of mosqui 4. The speed of solubility [B] Mention one importance 1. Glass prism:	when sunlight passes throughtoes infect with by increasing still the following?	rring process.
2. Electromagnet:		

3. Evaporation process :		
[C] If you have a piece of iro between them (by using [D] Define ?	_	
[C] If you have a piece of irobetween them (by using [D] Define ? 1. Energy :	paper clips) ?	
[C] If you have a piece of ire between them (by using [D] Define ? 1. Energy : 2. Magnetic material :	paper clips) ?	



		· ·	
2	. Phenomenon in whi	ch organisms simulate the colour of the environment)
3	. The natural area tha	at includes living organisms and non-living things.)
	. The light that is prod	uced by mixing two primary coloured lights. (
6	. A tool that is used fo	or locating geographic direction. (
rB1 G	ive reasons for :		
		vhen light falls on an opaque object.	
2	2. The pen appears br	oken in glass of water.	
			•••••
	orrect the underline		
	. Alcohol is a comm	,	•
	2. Natural magnet is a		. *
3	3. Solubility speed de	creases by rising the temperature. (······).
. [A] F	Put (√) or (≭) :		
	•	n source of light on the Earth.)
	2. Pure substance is t	he substance that is made of only one type	,
	of identical particles)
		benzene are examples for solvents.	,
4		s used to separate solid materials that are soluble)
	in water.	associated to be a homogeneous mixture)
		considered to be a homogeneous mixture. (,
[B] C	Choose from columr	n (A) what's suitable it from column (B) :	T
	(A)	(B)	
	1. Jawless lamprey	a. is an internal parasite.	
	2. Light refraction	b. changes mechanical energy into electric energy.	
	3. Light reflection	c. is the return back of light when it falls on an object	•
	4. Electric generator	d. is the change of direction of light ray when it	
I		TOTAL A MANUS MANUS OF AR ARAIL	
	5. Ascaris worm	enters a new medium at an angle. e. is an external parasite.	



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When a magnet is hanged freel	ly to move.
Giza Governorate	El Agoza Educational Directorate
nswer the following questions :	
[A] Complete the following sentence	es:
1. The spectrum colours start with	
	re named internal while the
Iron filings and sand can be sep can be separated by	parated by while sand and water
4. Mixing and Co	ploured lights gives yellow colour.
Putting the north poles of a magne	t near the south pole of another magnet.
[A] Write the scientific term :	
1. The relationship between a lion	and a deer.
2. Tools used to locate the main four	directions. (
A process used to separate salt	from water.
4. A dark area that is formed when l	light falls on an opaque object. (·····
[B] Correct the underlined words:	
1. Magenta is <u>a primary</u> colour.	(
2. Bread mold fungus is considered	7
[A] Choose the correct answer :	
1. Light travels in lines.	
a. curved	b. straight
c. zigzag	d. curved and zigzage
2. Plants that can't make their prote	
a. hosts.	b. insectivorous plant.
c. preys.	d. parasites.



3is a magnetic material.		
a. Gold b. Iron c. Copper d. Alu	minium	
4. The material that dissolves to produce solution is called		
	npound.	
[B] Give reasons for :	•	
1. Water is called a common solvent?		
1. Water is called a common convent.		
2. Electromagnet is considered a temporary magnet ?		
		-
4. [A] Put (✓) or (ϫ):		
 White paper absorbs all colours. 	())
Some types of mosquitoes infect man with malaria disease.	())
Magnetism is always related with electricity.	())
4. The direction of freely moving magnet is north - south direction.	()	
[B] Mention one use of :		
1. Glass prism :		
		•
2. Electromagnet :		
		•
Giza Governorate Child Home Language School		
8 Giza Governorate Child Home Language School		
A newer the following questions:		
Answer the following questions:		
1. Complete the following sentences:		
Factors affecting solubility process are and		
3. The white light consists of		
4. Mixing red and green light gives light colour.	media	1.
5. Water and clear glass are media, while tissue paper is	1110010	•••
6. The is the main source of light on the Earth.	•	
7. When light falls on a dark body, it to my eyes.		
8is an example of external parasites.		-
2. [A] Give reasons for :		
1. The green plants are autotrophic organisms.		





	increase the number of coil turns		
[B] Give one ex	cample for :		
1. Large eco	•		
2. Non-mag	netic substance :	······································	····································
3. Non-living	g component of ecosystem :		
4. Pure subs	stance :		
[A] Write the so			-
	o primary coloured light blue and		
	tionship in which two organisms (ge in the direction of light rays wh		(
	nt medium.	nen they pass thro	(
4. The light e	energy that can be seen.		(,
B] Write one us	se for :	•	
1. Compass	:		
•••••			
	ignet :		į
2. Electroma			
		•••••	
Electroma Dynamo :			
3. Dynamo :	m :		
	m :		
3. Dynamo : 4. Glass pris			
3. Dynamo : 4. Glass pris	(x):	food by decomposi	ng food
3. Dynamo : 4. Glass pris A] Put (√) or (1. Food relation	(x): in which decomposers get their f	food by decomposi	ng food
3. Dynamo : 4. Glass pris A] Put (√) or (1. Food relation remains is known	(x):	food by decomposi	ng food (
3. Dynamo : 4. Glass pris [A] Put (√) or (1. Food relation remains is known and expenses to the content of	(x) : in which decomposers get their fown as saprophytism.	food by decomposi	ng food ((



] Wh				
1. L	ight rays fall or	shiny surface.		
2. `	You move a wire	e between two pole	es of a magnet.	
•	••••••			
2 -	The amount of t	he solute increase		
3.				
	Giza Gover	norate	6 th October Educa	tional Zone
ver t	he following qu	uestions :		
] Co	mplete the foll	owing sentences	:	
1.	The spectrum c	olours starts with	and end with	<u></u>
2				oporav
4.	The dynamo ch	anges the	·· energy into ·····	energy.
			energy intoe	
3.	Examples of op	aque materials are	e and	
3. 4.	Examples of op	aque materials are	e ·····and ·········· oured lights gives yello	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles	eaque materials are andcolo each other wh	eand oured lights gives yello nere dislikes poles	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh	Examples of op Mixing Like poles low how you ca	eaque materials are andcolo colo colo and separate the form	e ·····and ·········· oured lights gives yello	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh	Examples of op Mixing Like poles	eaque materials are andcolo colo colo and separate the form	eand oured lights gives yello nere dislikes poles	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles now how you ca Salt from salty	eaque materials are andcolo colo colo colo colo colo colo	eand oured lights gives yello nere dislikes poles	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles low how you ca	eaque materials are andcolo colo colo colo colo colo colo	eand	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles Iow how you can Salt from salty to Iron filings from	and colo and separate the forward.	eand	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles now how you ca Salt from salty	ect answer:	eand	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2.	Examples of op Mixing Like poles Iow how you can Salt from salty to the correction of th	ect answer:	eand	 ow colour.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2. A] Cl	Examples of op Mixing Like poles Now how you can salty to the salt from salty to the salty to the salt from salt from salty to the salt from s	andeach other when separate the forwater. sand an separate the forwater. sand ect answer: a	eand	ow colour. each other.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2. A] Cl	Examples of op Mixing Like poles Now how you can salty to the salt from salty to the salty to the salt from salt from salty to the salt from s	and colo each other when separate the forwater. a sand. ect answer: a	eand	ow colour. each other.
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2. A] Cl 1.	Examples of op Mixing	and	c. Copper	d. curved
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2. A] Cl 1.	Examples of op Mixing	and	c. Copper	d. curved
3. 4. 5. 3] Sh 1. 2. A] CI 1. 3.	Examples of op Mixing	and	c. zigzag c. Copper	d. curved d. Aluminium d. lions.



[B] Give reasons for :	
The pen appears broken when put it in a cup of water.	
2. Air is a mixture.	
[A] Write the scientific term :	• .
1. Any natural area contains living organisms and non-living things	. (
2. The main source of light on the Earth.	(
3. A device used to locate the four main geographical directions.	•
4. The darkened area formed as a result of falling light on an opa	
A phenomena where living organisms can change its colour to enemies.	hide from its
[B] Mention one use of :	
1. The electromagnet :	and the second second
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2. Glass prism :	••••
[A] What happens when ?	
If there are no predators.	
2. The light when it falls on a smooth bright surface.	
[B] Correct the underlined words :	
1. Solubility speed decrease by rising the temperature.	(
2. Ascaris worms are external parasites.	(
3. Insectivorous plants cannot make fats .	(
4. Alcohol is called a common solvent.	(
Giza Governorate Dar El-Hanan Language Sch	nools
nswer the following questions :	
[A] Complete the following sentences :	
As the light falls on the green grass, the grass must absorb except	······ colours



 is considered as a common solvent due to its ability to disso several substances. Green plants are organisms. 	oive	
[B] Name the equipment that can be used in this case : Converting of mechanical energy into electric energy.		
[A] Put (√) or (≭) and correct the wrong one : 1. Yellow, magenta and cyan are primary light colours.	()
2. Light transmits in straight lines.	(
3. The oil and water can be separated by filtration.	()
4. Fungi feeding on the dead organisms bodies is called saprophyte.	- ()
[B] Give reasons for : 1. The moon can't be considered as a source of light.		
2. Air is a mixture.		
[A] How can you separate the following mixtures ? 1. Sand solution.		
2. Paper clips and flour.		
3. Salty solution.		
4. Water containing mud.		
[B] Write one difference between the following : The magnetic and non-magnetic materials.		
,		





3. A tool that is used for locating the main four geographic directions.				
4. The material at which the solute disagram[B] What happens if ?1. When you look at a spoon put in a be				
2. Cutting down of trees.				
11 Alexandria Governorate	East Alex. Educational Zone			
Answer the following questions : 1. [A] Complete the following sentences :				
Like magnetic poles each ot each other. and each other.				
and are ways of sel Light cannot pass through m substance consists of one ty	aterials.			
[B] Correct the underlined words :	F			
1. Light travels in curved lines.	()			
2. The magnet has three poles.	()			
3. Bread mold fungus is a predator .	()			
2. [A] Write the scientific term for each of the	ne following :			
 The living organisms that clean the Eadead bodies. 	arth's surface from ()			
A device which is used to change mage electric energy.	gnetic energy into (·············)			
3. The objects that absorbs all light colo				
4. The commen solvent that has the abil	lity to dissolve several substances.			
[B] What happens when ?				
Passing of electric current in a coil are	ound a rod of soft iron.			
2. Heating salty water for a long time.				



[A] Choose the correct answer: 1. The jawless lamprey is a a. host. b. parasite	
a host b parasite	
a. 10st.	e. c. predator.
2. If you look at a red apple through red	glass sheet, it looks
a. blue. b. red.	c. black.
3. A pencil is seen broken in a cup of wa	ater due to light
a. refraction. b. reflectio	
4. Solubility process is affected by	·······
a. heating. b. stirring.	c. heating and stirrin
[B] Mention the kind of food relationship	for each the following :
Nodular bacteria and bean plant.	
2. Sponge and tiny aquatic living organis	isms.
 3. Air - Clear water - Frosted glass - Gla [B] Give reasons for : Compass is used in planes. [C] Mention the way of separating the fol 1. Oil and water. 	
2. Sand and iron filing.	
2 Alexandria Governorate	El-Gomrok Educational Zone
	El-Gomrok Educational Zone
nswer the following questions :	El-Gomrok Educational Zone





2. We can see objects due to	of light on them.
a. reflection	b. refraction
c. shadow	d. spectrum colours
A scientist who discovered t electrical energy	hat the magnetic energy can be changed into
a. Newton.	b. Faraday.
c. William Gelbert.	d. Hasan ibn al-hatham.
4. Anis any nature are	ea including living organisms and non-living things.
a. ecosystem b. artifi	
[B] Mention one use of :	
1. Glass prism.	
2. Separating funnel.	
know as	the solubility time. The one living organism devours another one is other, whereas the unlike poles each agnetic materials.
3. [A] Write the scientific term :	
	main four geographical directions.()
from its enemies.	ving organism can change its colour to hid
	of more than one type of identical particles.
	/



[B] Choose from column (B) what is suitable it from column (A) :

(A)	(B)	
1. Saprophytism	a. the relationship between man and worms.	
2. Mutualism	b. a relationship between fungi and food rema	ains.
3. Parasitism	c. the relationship between the nodular bactria	a and
	legumes plant.	
1	2 3	•
] Correct the unde	rlined words :	
1. Sand and water	mixtures can be separated by magnetic attra	ection.
		(
2. The electromage	net changes electric energy into heat energy.	(
3. Mosquito conve	ys plugs disease to man.	(
4. red, green and b	olue are called secondary colours.	(
] What happens wh	nen:	
1. On mixing the re	ed colour with the green colour.	
2. Bactria disappe	ar completely.	
Alexandria Go	overnorate South Alex. Educational	Zone

Answ

٦			4.1			
	[A]	Correct	the	underlined	words	

1. Concrete and tomato sauce are considered a pure substance.	
2. Ascaris worms are external parasites.	
3. Light travel in curved lines.	(
4. Alcohol is called a common solvent.	(
5. By increasing the temperature the time taken to dissolve solute	increases.
	(
6. A magnet has three poles.	(

[B] What happens when ... ?

- 1. A magnet is hanged freely to move.
- 2. Approaching a magnet to mixture of sand and steel paper clips.
- 3. Looking at red apple through green glass sheet.





2. [A] Classify :

Copper - Nickel - Chalk pieces - Aluminium - Paper clips - Iron

Magnetic materials	Non-magnetic materials
Give reasons for :	
1. Sugar is a pure substance.	
2. Spoon apears broken in transparent c	up filled with water.
Write scientific term :	
The plants that devours tiny insects.	(
2. A set used to identify the main four dire	
3. A form of energy which can be seen.	Control of the contro
4. It is the substance that dissolves in sol	vent
5. Any natural area including living organ	•
non-living things.	(
6. Darkened area formed behind an object	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Choose from column (A) what is suital	
(A)	
	(B)
1. The relation between a cat and a rat is2. A food relationship between two	a. causes elephantiasis disea b. mutualism.
organisms benefit from each other	c. predation.
3. Falaria worm	o. prodution.
1 2	3

- while the dislike magnetic poles
- 2. You can separated a mixture of oil and water by
- 3. From primary light,



[D]	choose the correct answe	•	
1	. Mosquito conveys	disease to man.	
	a. plague	b. malaria	c. elephantiasis
2	2. To separate salt from salty	y water we use	
	a. filter paper.	b. a separating funnel.	
	c. the evaporation proces	S.	
3	3. The natural magnet is one	of the ores.	
	a. copper	b. carbon	c. iron
4	l. Green plants are consider	red organisms.	
	a. decomposer	b. producer	c. parasite
5	5. Chameleon tends to make	e	
	a. mimicry.	b. camouflage.	c. symbiosis.
6	6. Filtration is used to separa	ate mixture.	
	a. salt and surge	b. iron filings and sand	c. sand and water
14	El-Qalyoubia Governorat	Science Insp	pectorate
	<u></u>		
	the following questions:		
	Complete the following se		
	 The spectrum colours sta 		
	2. By increase the quantity of		
	3. The idea of electric genera		
4	4. The relationship between	sponge and tiny aquatic livir	ng organisms is
ţ	5. Sand-water mixture can b	e separated by	
6	3. ···· worm causes ele	ephantiasis disease.	
[B] (Choose the correct answe	r:	
	1. Predation the nu		stem.
	a. increases	b. decreases	c. organizes
2	2is used to locate	d the main four directions.	
	a. Compass	b. Dynamo	c. Prism
;	3. The blue t-shirt seems	behind red glass she	eet.
	1.1	b. red	c. black
	a. blue	D. TCG	O. DIGON
4	a. blue 4. The common solvent is ··		o. Didoit
4			c. benzene.





2. Predation is temporary food relationship.			
3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance.		• • • • • • •	*****
4. Yellow is called secondary coloured light.			
1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo.	(,	• • • • • •
2. Ascaris worm is external parasite.	(******	·
3. Aluminium is a magnetic material.	(
4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding .			
Write the scientific term :	······································		
1. A darkened area formed when light falls on opaque object.	(····		
			(
			(
			(
1. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction.			(iz
What happens when ?		1	3.4
mat happens when in ;			
	3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance. 4. Yellow is called secondary coloured light. Correct the underlined words: 1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo. 2. Ascaris worm is external parasite. 3. Aluminium is a magnetic material. 4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding. Write the scientific term: 1. A darkened area formed when light falls on opaque object. 2. Any natural area contains living organisms and non-living things. 3. The food relationship between nodular bacteria and leguminous. 4. A set used to change electric energy into magnetic energy. Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. 2. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. 3. Air is transparent material. 4. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction.	3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance. 4. Yellow is called secondary coloured light. Correct the underlined words: 1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo. 2. Ascaris worm is external parasite. 3. Aluminium is a magnetic material. 4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding. Write the scientific term: 1. A darkened area formed when light falls on opaque object. 2. Any natural area contains living organisms and non-living things. (3. The food relationship between nodular bacteria and leguminous. (4. A set used to change electric energy into magnetic energy. 2. Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. 2. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. 3. Air is transparent material. 4. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction.	3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance. 4. Yellow is called secondary coloured light. Correct the underlined words: 1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo. 2. Ascaris worm is external parasite. 3. Aluminium is a magnetic material. 4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding. Write the scientific term: 1. A darkened area formed when light falls on opaque object. 2. Any natural area contains living organisms and non-living things. (3. The food relationship between nodular bacteria and leguminous. (4. A set used to change electric energy into magnetic energy. Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. 2. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. 3. Air is transparent material. 4. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction.



[B] Look at the opposite figure then and 1. The figure represent	3—2
(A)	(B)
and the designation of the second	a. mixtures
1. Bread mold fungi2. Salt and sugary solutions	b. appear after rains
3. Tissue paper	c. translucent
4. rainbow	d. saprophytes
	4
15 El-Gharbia Governorate	Gharbia Educational Directorate
nswer the following questions :	
[A] Complete the following sentences	
1. Yellow, and are	known as "secondary light colours".
2. Like poles each other, w	nereas unlike poleseach other.
3. It is possible to separate iron fling whileis used to separate	s from the mixture by usinges salt from sea water.
4. Mosquito is an parasite,	while ascaris worm is an parasite.
[B] Compare between each of the foll	owing :
1. Magnetic materials and non-mag	netic materials. (According to definition)
2. Pure substances and mixtures. (A	

[A] Choose the correct answer :	
1. Red light + Green light + Blue light	nt =
a. Yellow. b. Mag	1 4 21 14
2. A tool that is used for locating the	four main directions
a. dynamo. b. com	I file lemans
	(121)





sing temper	aturesolubility time.			
ease	b. decreases	c. does not eff	ect	
ample of dec	composers is the			
i.	b. rabbits.	c. plants.		,
pens when	1?			
ok at a red a	pple through a green transpar	ent glass sheet.		
********			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
		•••••		
		in of		· ·
the iron ore	s which is known as magnetite	ap or. (,
substance	in which the solute disappears	. (,
food relatio	nship among living organisms	in which one liv	ing	•
		,		····)
ncil placed in	nside a glass of water seems a	as if it was broke	en at the	9
surface ?				
·····			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
			*******	•••••
•••••				
		***************************************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
the front of				
			rong on	e:
			()
)
			. ()
		1	• ()
e of the fol	lowing terms to form a prop	er food chain :		-
	(Snake – Wheat – Sheep)			
ionship betv	veen a snake and a rat is knov	vn as a ·····	,	
	ease imple of decition i. pens where ok at a red a a disappear scientific to ven colours the iron ore substance food relation m devours a ons for: ncil placed in surface? a common the front of image is fo image is fo a white light ating funnel lants are co a of the fol lucer in the lator in the	i. b. rabbits. pens when? bk at a red apple through a green transpare a disappeared completely. scientific term: ven colours which the white light is made at the iron ores which is known as magnetite substance in which the solute disappears food relationship among living organisms in devours another one. ons for: notil placed inside a glass of water seems a surface? sa common solvent. the front of the right statement and (x) at the image is formed because light travels in complete white light strikes a red rose, it reflects the transfer of the following terms to form a proper (Snake – Wheat – Sheep) flucer in the chain is solver in the chain is s	b. decreases c. does not efficiency before the property of the composers is the composers when? b. rabbits. c. plants. c	b. decreases c. does not effect imple of decomposers is the initial b. rabbits. c. plants. b. rabbits. c. plants. pens when ? bk at a red apple through a green transparent glass sheet. a disappeared completely. scientific term: ven colours which the white light is made up of. (the iron ores which is known as magnetite. (substance in which the solute disappears. (food relationship among living organisms in which one living m devours another one. ons for: noil placed inside a glass of water seems as if it was broken at the surface? s a common solvent. the front of the right statement and (x) at the front of the wrong on image is formed because light travels in curved lines. (se white light strikes a red rose, it reflects the white colour. (sating funnel is used to separate immiscible liquid mixtures. (lants are considered as consumer organisms. (se of the following terms to form a proper food chain:



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Answer the following questions:

Science Inspectorate

				•
[A]	Choose the correct an	swer:		•
	1. Mixing green light with	h red light produces	light.	• .
	a. cyan	b. yellow	c. magenta	d. blue
	2. ····is a common	n solvent.		
	a. Water	b. Alcohol	c. Mercury	d. Benzene
	3. Black opaque object	all light co		
	a. absorbs		b. reflects	
	c. transmits		d. all the previous	
	4is attracted			A Laura Indiana
	a. Chalk	b. Glass	c. Cobalt	d. Aluminium
	5. When you look at a r	red apple from a yel	low glass sheet, th	e apple
	seems	l. blue	c. black.	d. yellow.
	a. red.	b. blue.		d. yellow.
	6. The solute in chocola	ate-milk solution is	b. chocolate.	
	a. milk. c. water.		d. all the previous	S.
			d, dil are president	
[B]	Give reasons for :	la am limbt falla an	on anagua body	
	1. Formation of shadow	when light falls of t		
			,	
	2. Mineral water is con	sidered as a mixture	₿.	
	3. We see a picture be	hind the glass clear	ly.	
	.] Complete the following	na sentences :		
. [/	1 is any		iving and nonliving	organisms.
	2. When light passes f			
	air is than t			
	3. Electromagnet chan	nges energ	y to energ	у.
	4. The substances car			
	magnetic ability.			





[B] Show how can separate the following?	
1. Salt from salty solution.	()
2. Chalk powder from water.	()
3. Oil from oil-water mixture.	(······)
4. Steel paper clips and flour.	()
3. [A] Correct the underlined words :	
1. Natural magnet is one of the copper ores	()
2. The green colour is between yellow and indigo in rainbow	-
3. Very large ecosystem as desert .	()
4. Camouflage helps in keeping the environment balance.	· ··············)
5. Yellow light is a primary colour.	()
6. The motor is used in making electric bell.	· (·······)
[B] Write the scientific term :	
1. The region of the magnet where the magnetic force is the r	nost powerful
	()
2. A mixture in which solute disappeared in the solvent.	()
3. The light energy that can be seen.	· ()
4. The type of material which appears with the reflected colou	,
5. An insectivorous plant.	· ()
6. The organism that feeds on decomposing the moist wet bre	-
[A] Mention the kind of relation between each of the following	n ·
1. Lion and deer.	(·······)
2. Bread mold fungus and moist bread.	(
3. Nodular bacteria and bean plant.	()
4. Mosquitoes and man.	()
[B] Look at the opposite figure then answer the following :	,
The opposite figure represents	N
The device consists of can spin freely around a fixed axis.	(-w (=)
3. It is used to ·····	ş



Ismailia Governorate	Science Inspectorate
r the following questions :	
Complete the following sentence	es:
	colours, which are called colou
2. Solid materials can be mixed by	
	tone made of iron ores which called
4 The like poles each of	her whereas the poles attract
	her, whereas the poles attract
poles.	her, whereas the poles attract
poles. Choose from column (B) what is	s suitable it in column (A) :
poles.	s suitable it in column (A) :
poles. Choose from column (B) what is	s suitable it in column (A): (B) a. causes malaria disease.
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A)	s suitable it in column (A): (B) a. causes malaria disease.
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar	s suitable it in column (A): (B) a. causes malaria disease.
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar 2. Air	a. causes malaria disease. b. get by mixing two primary colo
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar 2. Air 3. Mushroom fungus	a. causes malaria disease. b. get by mixing two primary colo
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar 2. Air 3. Mushroom fungus	a. causes malaria disease. b. get by mixing two primary colo c. is a mixture. d. is from saprophytes.
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar 2. Air 3. Mushroom fungus 4. Secondary light colours	a. causes malaria disease. b. get by mixing two primary colo c. is a mixture. d. is from saprophytes. e. is a pure substance.
poles. Choose from column (B) what is (A) 1. Sugar 2. Air 3. Mushroom fungus 4. Secondary light colours	a. causes malaria disease. b. get by mixing two primary colo c. is a mixture. d. is from saprophytes. e. is a pure substance.



B] Write the scientific term :	•
1. The phenomenon formed in the sky after rain and	d sun still shining. (······)
2. The substance which dissolves in a solvent.	()
The food relationship between two living organ other	nisms that benefit from each (
4. The materials that are attracted to the magnet.	· ()
5. It is the internal parasite which causes bilharzia	•
6. Darkened area that formed as a result of falling	g light on
an opaque object.	()
A] Mention an example for each of the following	
A natural source of light.	()
2. A common solvent.	()
3. Insectivourous plants.	()
4. Large ecosystem.	()
] Look at the opposite figure then answer :	(b)
1. The name of the device is	(a)
2. Lable this diagram	
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
	 The phenomenon formed in the sky after rain and 2. The substance which dissolves in a solvent. The food relationship between two living organ other The materials that are attracted to the magnet. It is the internal parasite which causes bilharzi. Darkened area that formed as a result of falling an opaque object. Mention an example for each of the following A natural source of light. A common solvent. Insectivourous plants. Large ecosystem. Look at the opposite figure then answer: The name of the device is

4. [A] Identify the ways of mixtures separation by but (✓) in front of suitable way :

Mixtures	Magnetic attraction	Filtration	Separating funnel	Evaporation
1. Oil and water				••••••
2. Suger and water		•••••		
3. Iron filling and sand				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4. Sand and water				•••••

[B]	What	happened	when	?
-----	------	----------	------	---

1.	You	look	at a	a red	apple	through	a green	glass	sheet.
----	-----	------	------	-------	-------	---------	---------	-------	--------

2. I	Hanging	a	magnet	and	allow	it	to	move	freely	
------	---------	---	--------	-----	-------	----	----	------	--------	--



Answer the following questions:	Science inspectorate
 Complete the following sentences: The material in which light can transmit Like poles whereas dislike pole The food relationship between cat and reduced to its Red light + Green light + Blue light = 	at isat is ability to dissolve several substance.
2. [A] Choose the correct answer:	
Light transmits in lines. a. curved	
2. The material that dissolves to produce a solvent.3. The natural magnet is discovered solvent.	c. mixture.
a. 2000 b. 3500 4 takes place by some living	c. 2050 organisms to hide from their enemies.
a. Commensalism b. Paras [B] Choose from the column (A) what is	
(A)	(B)
 A mosquito Flaria worm Bread mold fungus Fleas 	a. causes elephantiasis.b. conveys plague.c. causes malaria.d. causes bread mold.
1 2	3 4
3. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. Darkened area formed behind and 2. Natural area including living organ 3. A device used to convert kinetic er [B] Correct the underlined words:	object once light falls on it. (
1. When white light strikes a red rose,	it reflects the white colour. (

2. Increasing solvent amount, decreases the speed of solubility. (......)

3. Salt and water are mixed together by stirring or **grinding**.

What happens when 'On mixing the red coloure		green colo	ured light.	
Identify the ways of mixt	ures separati	on by put () in front of s	suitable way
The mixture	Magnetic attraction	Filtration	Evaporation	Separation funnel
1. Iron filings and sand			,	
2. Sand and water				
3. Oil and water				
4. Salt and water				***************************************
Study the following figur 1 2 3	e then compl	ete :	2	
① ····································			2 Inspectorate	
Damietta Governora	ate		Inspectorate	
Damietta Governora	ate s:		Inspectorate	
Damietta Governorater the following questions Complete the following s	ate s: sentences:	Science		
Damietta Governora or the following question Complete the following s 1. The material in which light	s: sentences:	Science	called	
Damietta Governora The following question Complete the following s 1. The material in which light Event of the following s 2. Fungi are considered as	s: sentences: ght can transm	Science nit through is	called	
Damietta Governora The following question Complete the following s 1. The material in which light Event of the following s 2. Fungi are considered as	s: sentences: ght can transm	Science nit through is	called	
Damietta Governoration of the following question of the following the following states of the material in which light	s: sentences: ght can transm	Science nit through is	called	



2.	[A] Choose the correct ar	iswer:		
	1. Light travels in			
	a. Curved		b. straight	
	c. zigzag		d. Curved and z	zigzag
	2. Green plants are con	sidered as ·······	···· organisms.	
	a. decomposer	b. consumer		d. parasitic
	3. The material that diss	solves to produce	solution is called -	
	a. solute.	b. solvent.	c. mixture.	d. compound.
	4. When a magnet is su	spended freely, t	ne magnet takes ····	direction.
	a. north-south	b. east-west	c. north-east	d. north only
	[B] Give reasons for :			
	1. We wear black clothe	es in winter.		
				••••••
	2. Aluminium and coppe	er are considered	as non-magnetic r	naterials.
3.	[A] Write the scientific te	rm :		•
	1. A tool used to locate	the main four dire	ections.	()
	2. A process used to se	parate salt from	water.	()
	3. A temporary relations			s with
	a benefit to one and			()
	4. Is a mixture of gases s	such as oxygen, ni	trogen and carbon d	ioxide. (······)
	[B] Mention one use for e	1		
	1. Glass prism			
	2. Electromagnet ·······			
_				
4.	[A] Correct the underline			
	1. Separating funnel is a	used to separate t	the solid-liquid mix	
	2. Natural magnet is a	red rock.		()
	3. Red light + Green lig	ht = Cyan light.		()
	4. Mimicry is a phenor	nenon in which th	e living organism p	rotects itself from
	enemies by changing	g its colour.		()





	[1	B] What do you excert 1. Seven spectrum	colours are mixe	d together.	
		2. Adding an insolul			t.
(20	Fayoum Gove		ocience supervisio	on for governmental
A	nsı	wer the following que	estions :		
-		omplete the following			
		•	t of mud with wa	ter forming	····· solution that can be
	2.	. Like poles wł	nereas dislike po	les	
	3.	The material in which	light can transmi	t through is calle	ed
	4.	most materials	to be a general	solvent because	of its ability of dissolvin
2.	C	orrect the underlined	words in each	of the fellowing	
	1	Solubility speed decre	ases by shaking	and riging the te	mperature. (
		. Parasites get their fo			
	2	The formation of the	familia de la Compa		(
		The formation of shad			
		Copper is attracted to			(
		When light passes fro		***************************************	(
		Frog hides from its en		<u>ry</u> .	(
3.	C	hoose the correct ans	swer:		
		The dynamo generate		y from mechanic	cal energy.
		a. thermal	b. electrical	c. light	d. kinetic
	2.	When a magnet is har	nged freely, its no		
		a. north.	b. south.	c. east.	d. west.
	3.	In food relationship bet	tween a man and	a bilharzias wor	m, the man is a ·····
		a. predator.	b. prey .	c. host.	d. parasite.
	4.	The process of photos	ynthesis is done	by a ·····liv	
		a. producer			d. all the previous



5 is used	to separate a mixtu	re of oil and water.	
a. Evaporation		b. Filtration	
c. Separating fur	nnel	d. Magnetic attrac	ction
6. Red, green and l	·	····· lights.	
a. primary		b. secondary	
c. complementar	ту	d. mix	
		n of the following stat	
		osed of a solute and a	
2. The natural a	rea including living	organisms and non-liv	ing organisms.
			(
3. The materials	s that don't get attra	acted to the magnet.	(
4. The seven co	olours of light which	sunlight (white light) is	s made up of.
			(
[B] Give reasons f	or:		
		ate iron fillings from sar	nd.

21 Fl-Minia G	overnorate	St. Mark and El-To	awfik Schools
21 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		J. Well Co.	
nswer the following	questions :		
Choose the corre	ct answer :		
1. ····materia	ls don't allow light t	o travel through.	
a. Transparent	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	b. Translucent	
c. Semi-transpar	ent	d. Opaque	
2. An orange appearaglass sheet.	arswhen y	you look at it through a	
a. red	b. yellow	c. green	d. black
3. The space aroun	d a magnet in which	the magnetic force app	ears is called
a. magnetic pole		b. magnetic sub	
c. non magnetic	substance.	d. magnetic field	1.
4. The coil of a dyr		wire.	
a. carbon	b. copper	c. plastic	d. graphite





All these factors affects solubility proc a. temperature.	b. colour of solve	ent
c. stirring.	d. type of solute	
6. Predation relationhship the n		
a. increases b. organizes	c. decreases	
2. 6.gam265	c. decreases	d. prevents
[A] Write the scientific term :		•
1. A darkened area formed when ligh	nt falls on an opaque	object. (
2. The light that we can get by mixing	g two of the primary	coloured lights.
3. A set that is used for locating the ma	in four geographic dir	
4. A set that is used to change mechanic	cal energy into electric	energy (
5. The temporary food relationship th	at ends by devouring	n
the prey or part of it.	at ondo by dovodning	(
B] Give reasons for the following :	•	
1. Copper is a non-magnetic substan	ce	
2. The formation of images through n	arrow holes	
geo allough h	arrow noies.	
A] Complete the following sentences		
 When a light ray passes from a glas 	ss rod to air, it	
2. Red light + Green light + Blue light		
The like poles ———— each other, each other.	whereas the dislike	poles
4. The basic idea of working of the electron energy into energy.	ectromagnet is the ch	nanging of
5. In salty solution, salt is the	while water is the	**********
B] Choose from column (A) what is su		
(A)		(B)
1. Food relation between sponge and	tiny aquatic living	a. predation.
organisms		b. mutualism.
2. Food relation between man and liv	er worm	c. internal
3. Food relation between plant and no	odular bacteria	parasitism.
4. Food relation between a cat and a		



2. An object seems white as it reflects all light colours. 3. Distilled water is a mixture, while mineral water is a pure substance. 4. Mosquitoes infect man with elephantiasis. [B] Show how you can separate the following: 1. Iron filings from sand. 2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. Answer the following questions: [A] Complete the following sentences:	4. [A] Put (√) or (≭) then correct the wrong ones :		
2. An object seems white as it reflects all light colours. 3. Distilled water is a mixture, while mineral water is a pure substance. 4. Mosquitoes infect man with elephantiasis. [B] Show how you can separate the following: 1. Iron filings from sand. 2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. Answer the following questions: [A] Complete the following sentences:	_		()
4. Mosquitoes infect man with elephantiasis. [B] Show how you can separate the following: 1. Iron filings from sand. 2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 22 Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: [A] Complete the following sentences:			()
[B] Show how you can separate the following: 1. Iron filings from sand. 2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 2. [A] Complete the following sentences:			(.)
1. Iron filings from sand. 2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 22 Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: (predation – poles – solution – repel – attract) 1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles wheares unlike poles 3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the 4. The interaction between a cat and a rat is considered as an example of melationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance.		4. Mosquitoes infect man with elephantiasis.	()
2. Salt from salty water. 3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 2. Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: [A] Complete the following sentences:	[B]	Show how you can separate the following :		
3. Oil from oil – water mixture. 4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 22 Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: 1. [A] Complete the following sentences:		1. Iron filings from sand.		
4. Sand from water – sand mixture. 22 Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: 1. [A] Complete the following sentences:		2. Salt from salty water.		•••
Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate Answer the following questions: [A] Complete the following sentences:		3. Oil from oil – water mixture.		
Answer the following questions: (predation – poles – solution – repel – attract) 1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles — wheares unlike poles — solution — repel — attract) 3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the — wheares unlike poles — relationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance.		4. Sand from water – sand mixture.		
Answer the following questions: (predation – poles – solution – repel – attract) 1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles — wheares unlike poles — solution — repel — attract) 3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the — wheares unlike poles — relationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance.	_			
1. [A] Complete the following sentences: (predation – poles – solution – repel – attract) 1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles — wheares unlike poles — solution — wheares unlike poles — solutions — sol	(22	Assiut Governorate Science Inspectorate		7
(predation – poles – solution – repel – attract) 1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles — wheares unlike poles — solution – the magnetic force is most powerful at the — solution between a cat and a rat is considered as an example of — relationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.	Answer the following questions: 1. [A] Complete the following sentences:			
1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process 2. Like poles wheares unlike poles 3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the 4. The interaction between a cat and a rat is considered as an example of relationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.	8 - [A			
2. Like poles	•			
3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the				
4. The interaction between a cat and a rat is considered as an example of relationship. [B] Define the following by using the following sentences: (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.				
(It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living things and the components of air including gases), It means the balance among the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance. 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.		4. The interaction between a cat and a rat is considered as an example	of	
the components of the ecosystem. 1. The ecosystem. 2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.	[B	Define the following by using the following sentences : (It is a natural area that contains living organisms, non-living thin	gs a	nd
2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.			ong	
2. Environmental balance. 2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.		1. The ecosystem.		
2. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.		2 Environmental balance.		
1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.	2. [/	A] Write the scientific term :		
2. Yellow, magenta and cyan colours.		1. The materials that get attracted to the magnet.	•	·····)
		2. Yellow, magenta and cyan colours.		·····)





3. The seven colours of light which sunlight is made up of.4. A tool that is used for locating the four main direction.	(
	(
[B] Give reasons for :1. Tape worm is a parasite.					
2. An apple appears red when sunlight falls on it.					
[A] Put (v) or (x) :					
1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature	re. ()				
2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent.	()				
3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in cu	rved lines. ()				
4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture.	()				
[B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer:					
- The figure represents					
	2				
- Label the figure					
①					
2					
③					
[A] Choose the correct answer :					
1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of					
	iron.				
2. Light can easily transmit through materials.					
· o transport	opaque				
3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction	ppears red when sunlight falls on it. ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **				
a. north and east. b. north and south. c.	east and west.				
[B] How can the following mixtures be separated?					
Water and oil solution.					
2. Sand solution.					
2 Sand and iron filings					
Sand and iron filings.					



23 Aswan Governorate New Aswan Distinct Official Language School

nswer the following questio	ns:		,	
[A] Complete the following	sentences:	•		
1. Like polesea	ch other.		•	
2. Light travels in	··· line.			
3. The prism separates	sunlight into			
4. The relationship betw	een a scaris worm and a man i	s known as ······	•••••	
[B] Give reasons for :				
• •	yellow when sunlight falls on it			
				•••
2. Predation is temporar	y relationship.	•	• .	
				•••
[A] Choose the correct an	iswer:			
	cannot transmit through are			
a. transparent.	b. semi-transparent.			
	is made up of wire.			
a. copper	b. carbon	c. iron		
	ellow light are lights.			
a. primary	b. secondary	c. complem	entary	
4. Uses in sep	aration of a mixture of water ar	nd oil.		
a. evaporation	b. filtration	c. separatin	ig funne	el
[B] Mention the function of	each of:			
1. The dynamo.		•		
				••••
2. Compass.				
3. [A] Put (√) or (×):				
1. Light is a form of end	ergy.	•	()
2. Aluminium gets attra			-()
3. Red + Green + Blue			· ()
4. Spiders use their wo	even nets for catching insects.		()





[B] Complete the table:

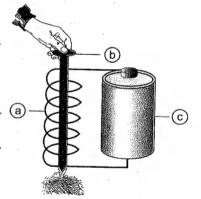
Point of comparisons	Camouflage	Mimicry	
Example		2	
Point of comparisons	Mixture of sand and iron filings	Mixture of sand and water	
Methods of separation	3	(4)	

4.	[A]	Write	the	scientific	torm	
	$\Gamma \sim 1$	AALIFE	nie	Scientific	term	:

- 1. The darkened area formed behind an object once light falls on it.
- 2. The change of light rays directions when they transmit the separate surface between two different transparent media. (...............................)
- 4. The relationship between two organisms that benefit from each other.

[B] Look at the opposite figure, and write the Labels :

- (a) (b) (a)
- ©



24 Luxor Governorate

Luxor Educational Zone

Answer the following questions :

1. [A] Complete the following sentences :

- Bilharzia worms hurt and are named while the organisms it hurts are called hosts.
- 2. Increasing reduces the solubility time.
- 3. Compass consists of freely move.





 Separation of light Converting of med 	into seven colours. hanical energy into electric energy.	(
	ach case of the following ?	.atox
1. When you look at	a spoon put in a beaker contains w	rater.
2. Cutting down of tr	ees.	
3. On mixing the sev		
[B] Correct the underli	ined word :	•
	net is one of the copper ores.	(
	d because light travels in curved lin	nes. (
3. Spiders uses their	r woven nest for catching fishes .	(
[A] Choose the correc	t answer :	
1. Light travels in	lines.	<u> </u>
a. curved	b. zigzagged	c. straight
2. From examples o	f saprophytic organisms	n de
a. fungi.	b. rabbit.	c. plant.
3. The solute in the	mixture of chocolate and milk is	
a. water.	b. milk.	c. chocolate.
4. The types of para	sites are	
a. external.	b. internal.	c. all the previous.
5. The natural magr	net is discovered since ago) .
a. 2000	b. 2020	c. 2500
[B] Mention the kind of	of food relationship between :	
	eer:	
1. The lion and a de		





	2. A piece of marble isn't disappearing when pu	tting it in water.
	3. The parasite doesn't kill its host.	
[B] V	Write the scientific term for each of the follov	ving :
	1. The material that get attracted to the magnet.	()
	2. The light energy that can be seen.	()
. 3	3. The mixture results from the solubility of solid	
4	 The change of light rays directions when they the separating surface between two different tra 	transmit through
	Any natural area including living organisms ar things.	
6	6. A relation between two living organisms that be each other.	() enefit from ()
nswer	South Sinai Governorate Tur Sinai E	ducational Directorate
	Samuelata di Cili	
· [A] C	Complete the following :	
i [A] C	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic	
	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage –	yellow)
1.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic	yellow) -magnetic material ·····
1. 2.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – i . From magnetic material — and from non and are from the ways of s	yellow) -magnetic material ············· elf-defence against
1. 2. 3.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – mutualism – and from non and material — and from the ways of sepredation in living organisms. From primary coloured lights — and from lights — and fr	yellow) -magnetic material elf-defence against m secondary coloured
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – mutualism – and from non and management and management are from the ways of supredation in living organisms. From primary coloured lights, and from lights	yellow) -magnetic material elf-defence against m secondary coloured we magnetic poles
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – mutualism – and from non and management are from the ways of sepredation in living organisms. From primary coloured lights, and from lights	yellow) -magnetic material elf-defence against m secondary coloured we magnetic poles
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – . From magnetic material — and from non and — are from the ways of spredation in living organisms. From primary coloured lights — and from lights — and lights — and from lights	yellow) -magnetic material elf-defence against m secondary coloured ke magnetic poles
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. [B] W I 1.	(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimic mutualism – camouflage – . From magnetic material — and from non and — are from the ways of spredation in living organisms. From primary coloured lights — and from lights — and from lights — but the dislike the food relationship between nodular bacterials the food relationship between fungi and dead be that happens when —?	yellow) -magnetic material elf-defence against m secondary coloured ke magnetic poles



[A] Write the scientific ter	m for each of the following state	ements :
	get by mixing two of the primary of	
•		()
2. The temporary food r	elationship that end by devouring	the prey or
a part of it.		()
3. The regions of the m	agnet, where the magnetic force is	s most powerful.
		()
4. A darkened area forr	ned when light falls on an opaque	object.
		()
IPI Chaosa from column	(A) what is suitable it from colur	nn (B) :
[B] Choose from column		
(A)	(B)	
1. Glass prism	a. used to separate oil and water	mixture.
2: Compass	b. change electric energy into magc. determine the main four direction	
3. Electromagnet	d. separating white light into seven	spectrum colours.
4. Separating funnel		
1	2 3	4
[A] Choose the correct a	inswer '	
1 The relationship het	ween sponge and tiny aquatic livir	ng organisms is
	, con open g	
a. parasitism.	b. commensalism.	c. predation.
	of liquid mixture	r.
a. sand and water.	b. lemon juice and water.	c. sand and salt.
	ibility process is called	
a. solute.	b. solvent.	c. solution.
4. Light transmits in		
a. straight	b. curved	c. broken
_	ility increase by	
a. increase the amo		•
b. increasing the ar		
c. decreasing temp	егашге.	





P.O.C	Filaria worm	Fleas
[B] Compare between :		
or me banana nak ocomo yon	ow do it rolloot the groot	(
5. The banana fruit seems yell		n light colour
4. The electromagnet consists	of copper coil only.	(
Tiger is an example of extin conditions in the environme		ange in natural (·······
2. We can separate mixture of s	sand and water by filtration	n process. (·····
1. Sun is the main source of the	ne light on the Earth.	(
4. [A] Put (✓) or (ϫ) :		
2. The red apple seems black	when you look at it throu	ugh a green glass sheet
Saprophytic organisms give	e great service to ecosys	tem.
1 Coprophytic organisms sive	areat consider to access	40.00